



Highlights & Features

- Protection Class II, Double Isolation (No Earth connection is required)
- Universal AC input voltage and full power from -25°C to +55°C operation
- Power will not de-rate for the entire input voltage range
- Up to 86.0% efficiency
- Low earth leakage current < 0.25mA @ 264Vac
- Conforms to harmonic current IEC/EN 61000-3-2, Class A
- Overvoltage / Overcurrent / Over Temperature Protections

Safety Standards



CB Certified for worldwide use

Model Number: Unit Weight: Dimensions (L x W x D): 91 x 89.9 x 55.6 mm

DRC-12V100W1AZ 0.36 kg (0.79 lb) (3.58 x 3.54 x 2.19 inch)

General Description

The DRC-12V100W1AZ is part of the Chrome DIN Rail Power Supply series, which is designed for use in compact cabinets for home automations and the food and beverage industry. Delta's Chrome DIN Rail Power Supply series offers double isolated input. This means that no Earth connection is required thus resulting in low leakage current. This product provides a universal input voltage range of 90-264Vac, and a wide temperature range of -25°C to 71°C. The Chrome series is certified to safety standard according to IEC/EN/UL 60950-1 Information Technology Equipment (ITE) and UL 508 Industrial Control Equipment (ICE). The series is also fully compliant with RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU for environmental protection.

Model Information

Chrome DIN Rail Power Supply

Model Number	Input Voltage Range	Rated Output Voltage	Rated Output Current
DRC-12V100W1AZ	90-264Vac (125-375Vdc)	12Vdc	6A

Model Numbering

DR	C –	12V	100W	1	Α	Z
DIN Rail	Product Series C – Isolation Class II Power Supply	Output Voltage	Output Power (100W series)	Single Phase	No PFC	Z – Black Plastic Case



Specifications

Input Ratings / Characteristics

Nominal Input Voltage	100-240Vac
Input Voltage Range	90-264Vac
Nominal Input Frequency	50-60Hz
Input Frequency Range	47-63Hz
Nominal DC Input Voltage*	125-375Vdc
Input Current	< 1.50A @ 115Vac, < 0.90A @ 230Vac
Efficiency at 100% Load	> 86.0% @ 115Vac & 230Vac
Max Inrush Current (Cold Start)	< 30A @ 115Vac, < 65A @ 230Vac
Leakage Current	< 0.25mA @ 264Vac

*Fulfills test conditions for DC input. Safety approval for DC input can be obtained upon request.

Output Ratings / Characteristics**

Nominal Output Voltage	12Vdc
Factory Set Point Tolerance	12Vdc ± 2%
Output Voltage Adjustment Range	12-14Vdc
Output Current	0-6A (72W max.)
Output Power	72W
Line Regulation	< 0.5% (@ 90-264Vac input, 100% load)
Load Regulation	< 1% (@ 90-264Vac input, 0-100% load)
PARD*** (20MHz)	< 100mVpp
Rise Time	< 70ms @ nominal input (100% load)
Start-up Time	< 2000ms @ nominal input (100% load)
Hold-up Time	> 20ms @ 115Vac (100% load) > 100ms @ 230Vac (100% load)
Dynamic Response (Overshoot & Undershoot O/P Voltage)	± 5% @ 90-264Vac input, 0-100% load (Slew Rate: 0.1A/µs, 50% duty cycle @ 5Hz to 1KHz)
Start-up with Capacitive Loads	3,000µF Max

**For power de-rating from 55°C to 70°C, see power de-rating on page 3.
***PARD is measured with an AC coupling mode, 5cm wires, and in parallel with 0.1µF ceramic capacitor & 47µF electrolytic capacitor.



Mechanical

Case Cover / Chassis		Plastic	
Dimensions (L x W x D)		91 x 89.9 x 55.6 mm (3.58 x 3.54 x 2.19 inch)	
Unit Weight		0.36 kg (0.79 lb)	
Indicator		Green LED (DC OK)	
Cooling System		Convection	
Terminal	Input	2 Pins (Rated 300V/25A)	
	Output	4 Pins (Rated 300V/25A)	
Wire	Input / Output	AWG 20-12	
Mounting Rail		Standard TS35 DIN Rail in accordance with EN 60715	
Noise (1 Meter from power supply)		Sound Pressure Level (SPL) < 25dBA	

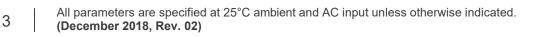
Environment

Surrounding Air Temperature	Operating	-25°C to +71°C	
	Storage	-40°C to +85°C	
Power De-rating		$> 55^{\circ}$ C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C	
Operating Humidity		5 to 95% RH (Non-Condensing)	
Operating Altitude		0 to 2,000 Meters (6,560 ft.)	
Shock Test	Non-Operating	IEC 60068-2-27, Half Sine Wave: 50G for a duration of 11ms; 3 times per direction, 9 times in total	
	Operating	IEC 60068-2-27, Half Sine Wave: 10G for a duration of 11ms; 1 time in X axis	
Vibration	Non-Operating	IEC 60068-2-6, Random: 5-500Hz; 2.09Grms, 20 min per axis for all X, Y, Z directions	
	Operating	IEC 60068-2-6, Sine Wave: 10-500Hz; 2G peak; displacement of 0.35mm; 1 octave per min; 60 min per axis for all X, Y, Z directions	
Over Voltage Category		11	
Pollution Degree		2	

Protections

Overvoltage	< 19.0V, SELV Output, Latch Mode	
Overload / Overcurrent	120-150% of rated load current, Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)	
Over Temperature	< 75°C Surrounding Air Temperature @ 100% load, Latch Mode	
Short Circuit	Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery when the fault is removed)	
Internal Fuse	T3.15AH	
Degree of Protection	IP20	
Protection Against Shock	ck Class II (No PE* connection is required)	

*PE: Primary Earth





Reliability Data

	> 500,000 hrs. as per Telcordia SR-332 I/P: 115Vac & 230Vac, O/P: 100% load, Ta: 25°C
Expected Cap Life Time	10 years (115Vac & 230Vac, 50% load @ 40°C)

Safety Standards / Directives

Safety Entry Low Voltage		SELV (EN 60950-1)	
Electrical Safety	TUV Bauart	EN 60950-1	
	UL/cUL recognized	UL 60950-1 and CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1 (File No. E131881)	
	CB scheme	IEC 60950-1	
Industrial Control Equipment	UL/cUL listed	UL 508 and CSA C22.2 No. 107.1-01 (File No. E338991)	
CE		In conformance with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU and Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU	
Material and Parts		RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU Compliant	
Galvanic Isolation	Input to Output	3.0KVac	

EMC

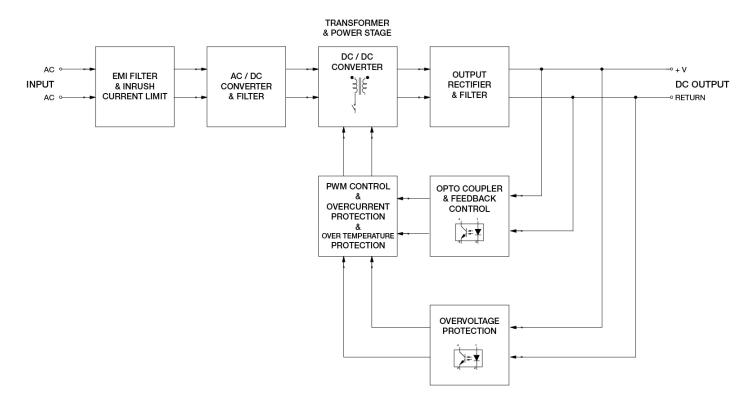
Emissions (CE & RE)		CISPR 32, EN 55032, FCC T	ïtle 47: Class B
mmunity		EN 55024	
Electrostatic Discharge	IEC 61000-4-2	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ Air Discharge: 8kV Contact Discharge: 6kV	
Radiated Field	IEC 61000-4-3	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ 80MHz-1GHz, 10V/M with 1kHz tone / 80% modulation	
Electrical Fast Transient / Burst	IEC 61000-4-4	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ 2kV	
Surge	IEC 61000-4-5	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ Differential Mode ³⁾ : 1kV	
Conducted	IEC 61000-4-6	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ 150kHz-80MHz, 10Vrms	
Power Frequency Magnetic Fields	IEC 61000-4-8	Criteria A ¹⁾ 10A/Meter	
Voltage Dips and Interruptions	IEC 61000-4-11	 > 95% of 100Vac, 10ms 30% of 100Vac, 500ms > 95% of 100Vac, 5000ms 95% of 230Vac, 10ms 30% of 230Vac, 500ms > 95% of 230Vac, 5000ms 	Criteria A ¹⁾ Criteria A ¹⁾ Criteria B ²⁾ Criteria A ¹⁾ Criteria A ¹⁾ Criteria B ²⁾
Harmonic Current Emission		IEC/EN 61000-3-2, Class A	
/oltage Fluctuation and Flicker		IEC/EN 61000-3-3	

1) Criteria A: Normal performance within the specification limits

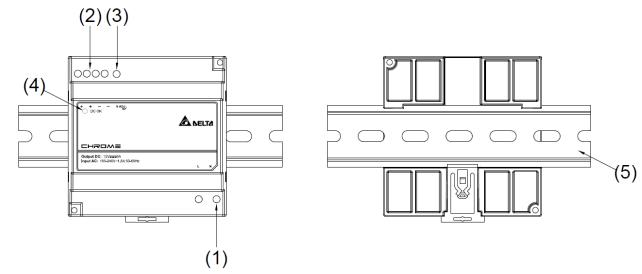
2) Criteria B: Temporary degradation or loss of function which is self-recoverable
 3) Symmetrical: Differential mode (Line to line)



Block Diagram



Device Description

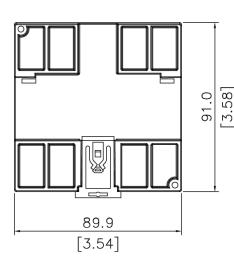


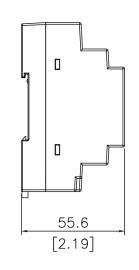
- 1) Input terminal block connector
- 2) Output terminal block connector
- 3) DC voltage adjustment potentiometer
- 4) DC OK control LED (Green)
- 5) Universal mounting system

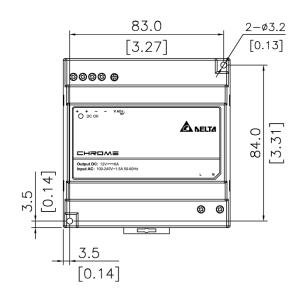


Dimensions

L x W x D: 91 x 89.9 x 55.6 mm (3.58 x 3.54 x 2.19 inch)

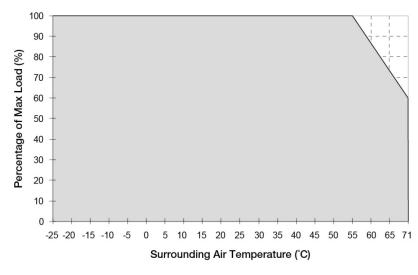






Engineering Data

Output Load De-rating VS Surrounding Air Temperature





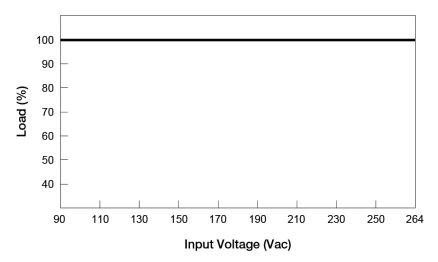
Note

- 1. Power supply components may degrade, or be damaged, when the power supply is continuously used outside the shaded region, refer to the graph shown in Fig. 1.
- If the output capacity is not reduced when the surrounding air temperature exceeds its specification as defined on Page 3 under "Environment", the device may run into Over Temperature Protection. When activated, the output voltage will go into latch mode and recover when AC power recycles.
- In order for the device to function in the manner intended, it is also necessary to keep a safety distance as recommended in the safety instructions while the device is in operation.
- Depending on the surrounding air temperature and output load delivered by the power supply, the device can be very hot!
- If the device has to be mounted in any other orientation, please contact info@deltapsu.com for more details.



6 All parameters are specified at 25°C ambient and AC input unless otherwise indicated. (December 2018, Rev. 02)

Output Load De-rating VS Input Voltage



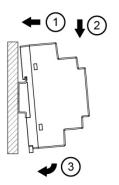
No output power de-rating across the entire input voltage range

Assembly & Installation

The power supply unit (PSU) can be mounted on 35mm DIN rails in accordance with EN60715. The device should be installed with input terminal block at the bottom.

Each device is delivered ready to install.

Mounting



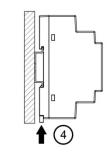
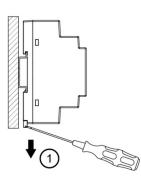


Fig. 2.1 Mounting

Snap on the DIN rail as shown in Fig. 2.1:

- 1. Tilt the unit upwards and insert it onto the DIN rail.
- 2. Push downwards until stopped.
- 3. Press against the bottom front side for locking.
- 4. Shake the unit slightly to ensure that it is secured.



Dismounting

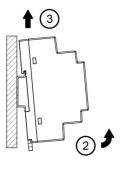
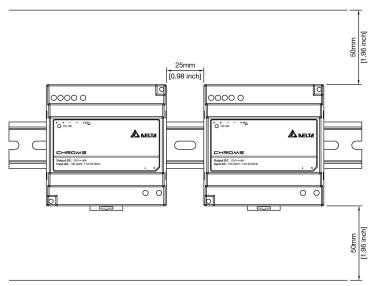


Fig. 2.2 Dismounting

To uninstall, pull or slide down the latch with screw driver as shown in Fig. 2.2. Then slide the power supply unit (PSU) in the opposite direction, release the latch and pull out the power supply unit (PSU) from the rail.



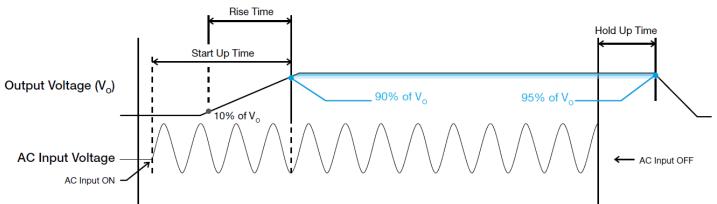
Safety Instructions



- ALWAYS switch mains of input power OFF before connecting and disconnecting the input voltage to the unit. If mains are not turned OFF, there is risk of explosion / severe damage.
- To guarantee sufficient convection cooling, keep a distance of 50mm (1.96 inch) above and below the device as well as a lateral distance of 25mm (0.98 inch) to other units.
- Note that the enclosure of the device can become very hot depending on the surrounding air temperature and load of the power supply. Risk of burns!
- DO NOT insert any objects into the unit.
- Hazardous voltages may be present for up to 5 minutes after the input mains voltage is disconnected. Do not touch the unit during this time.
- The power supplies are built in units and must be installed in a cabinet or room (condensation free environment and indoor location) that is relatively free of conductive contaminants.

Functions

Graph illustrating the Start-up Time, Rise Time, and Hold-up Time



Start-up Time

The time required for the output voltage to reach 90% of its final steady state set value, after the input voltage is applied.

Rise Time

The time required for the output voltage to change from 10% to 90% of its final steady state set value.

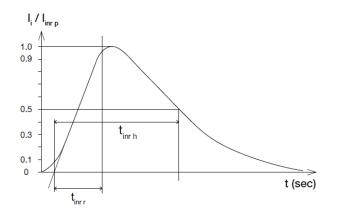
Hold-up Time

Time between the collapse of the AC input voltage, and the output falling to 95% of its steady state set value.



Inrush Current

Inrush current is the peak, instantaneous, input current measured and, occurs when the input voltage is first applied. For AC input voltages, the maximum peak value of inrush current will occur during the first half cycle of the applied AC voltage. This peak value decreases exponentially during subsequent cycles of AC voltage.



Dynamic Response

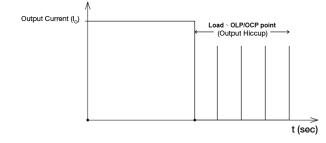
50% duty cycle / 5Hz to 1KHz

The power supply output voltage will remains within $\pm 5\%$ of its steady state value, when subjected to a dynamic load from 0% to 100% of its rated current.

Output Voltage (V)

Overload & Overcurrent Protections (Auto-Recovery)

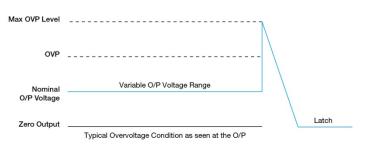
The power supply's Overload (OLP) and Over current (OCP) Protections will be activated when output current exceeds its specification as defined on Page 3 under "Protections". In such occurrence, once the power supply has reached its maximum power limit, the protection is activated and the power supply will go into "Hiccup mode" (Auto-Recovery). The power supply will recover once the fault condition of the OLP and OCP is removed and Io is back within the specifications.



Overvoltage Protection (Latch Mode)

The power supply's overvoltage circuit will be activated when its internal feedback circuit fails. The output voltage shall not exceed its specifications defined on Page 3 under "Protections". Power supply will latch, and require removal/re-application of input AC voltage in order to restart.

The power supply should be latch.



Over Temperature Protection (Latch Mode)

As described in load de-rating section, the power supply also has Over Temperature Protection (OTP). In the event of a higher operating temperature at 100% load; or, when the operating temperature is beyond what is recommended in the de-rating graph, the OTP circuit will be activated. When activated, power supply will latch, until the surrounding air temperature drops to its normal operating temperature or the load is reduced as recommended in the de-rating graph. Removal/re-application of input AC voltage will then be required in order to restart.

Short Circuit Protection (Auto-Recovery)

The power supply's output OLP/OCP function also provides protection against short circuits. When a short circuit is applied, the output current will operate in "Hiccup mode", as shown in the illustration in the OLP/OCP section on this page. The power supply will return to normal operation after the short circuit is removed.

External Input Protection Device

The unit is protected with internal fuse (not replaceable) at L pin and it has been tested and approved on 20A (UL) and 16A (IEC) branch circuits without additional protection device. An external protection device is only required if the supplying branch has an ampacity greater than above. Thus, if an external protective device is necessary, or, utilized, a minimum value of 16A B- or 8A Ccharacteristic breaker should be used.



9 All parameters are specified at 25°C ambient and AC input unless otherwise indicated. (December 2018, Rev. 02)

Operating Mode

Parallel Operation

The power supply units (PSUs) can also be used for parallel operation in order to increase the output power. The difference in output voltage between the two units must be kept to within 25mV of each other. This difference must be verified with the same output load connected independently to each unit.

Parameters such as EMI, inrush current, leakage current, PARD, start up time will be different from those on the datasheet, when two units are connected in parallel. The user will need to verify that any differences will still allow the two power supplies connected in parallel will work properly in their product/application.

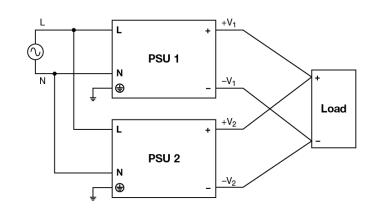


Fig. 3 Parallel Operation Connection Diagram

Others

Delta RoHS Compliant



Restriction of the usage of hazardous substances

The European directive 2011/65/EU limits the maximum impurity level of homogeneous materials such as lead, mercury, cadmium, chrome, polybrominated flame retardants PBB and PBDE for the use in electrical and electronic equipment. RoHS is the abbreviation for "Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment".

This product conforms to this standard.

PFC - Norm EN 61000-3-2

Line Current Harmonic content



Typically, the input current waveform is not sinusoidal due to the periodical peak charging of the input capacitor. In industrial environment, complying with EN 61000-3-2 is only necessary under special conditions. Complying to this standard can have some technical drawbacks, such as lower efficiency as well as some commercial aspects such as higher purchasing costs. Frequently, the user does not profit from fulfilling this standard, therefore, it is important to know whether it is mandatory to meet this standard for a specific application.

Attention

Delta provides all information in the datasheets on an "AS IS" basis and does not offer any kind of warranty through the information for using the product. In the event of any discrepancy between the information in the catalog and datasheets, the datasheets shall prevail (please refer to www.DeltaPSU.com for the latest datasheets information). Delta shall have no liability of indemnification for any claim or action arising from any error for the provided information in the datasheets. Customer shall take its responsibility for evaluation of using the product before placing an order with Delta.

Delta reserves the right to make changes to the information described in the datasheets without notice.

