

Applicable for automotive interior light

3014 Series Top View LED STW8E12YE-S20









# **Product Brief**

## Description

- SMT solder ability
- RoHS Compliant
- Pb-free Reflow Soldering application
- STW8E12YE-S20 is very useful Top View LED in Automotive application

### **Features and Benefits**

- 3.0mm X 1.4mm X 0.52 mm
- AEC-Q102 Qualified
- High Reliability by EMC
- White Colored SMT PKG
- High Color Quality CRI 80
- ESD Class H3A

### **Key Applications**

Automotive Interior Lighting



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# **Performance Characteristics**

Table 1. Electro Optical Characteristics, I<sub>F</sub>= 20mA , T<sub>i</sub>=25°C, RH30%

	CCT (K) (1)			Intensity (2)		ıs Flux <sup>[3]</sup>	CRI
Part Number	Тур.	RANK		(cd)		(lm)	Ra
	īyp.		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min.
		K2	2.2	2.6	7.3	8.6	80
		K6	2.6	3.0	8.6	9.9	80
	6500	L0	3.0	3.5	9.9	11.6	80
		L5	3.5	4.0	11.6	13.2	80
		MO	4.0	4.5	13.2	14.9	80
		K2	2.2	2.6	7.3	8.6	80
		K6	2.6	3.0	8.6	9.9	80
	5600	L0	3.0	3.5	9.9	11.6	80
		L5	3.5	4.0	11.6	13.2	80
		MO	4.0	4.5	13.2	14.9	80
		K2	2.2	2.6	7.3	8.6	80
		K6	2.6	3.0	8.6	9.9	80
	5000	L0	3.0	3.5	9.9	11.6	80
		L5	3.5	4.0	11.6	13.2	80
		MO	4.0	4.5	13.2	14.9	80
		K2	2.2	2.6	7.3	8.6	80
		K6	2.6	3.0	8.6	9.9	80
STW8E12YE-S20	4500	L0	3.0	3.5	9.9	11.6	80
		L5	3.5	4.0	11.6	13.2	80
		MO	4.0	4.5	13.2	14.9	80
		K2	2.2	2.6	7.3	8.6	80
		K6	2.6	3.0	8.6	9.9	80
	4000	L0	3.0	3.5	9.9	11.6	80
		L5	3.5	4.0	11.6	13.2	80
		MO	4.0	4.5	13.2	14.9	80
		K2	2.2	2.6	7.3	8.6	80
		K6	2.6	3.0	8.6	9.9	80
	3500	L0	3.0	3.5	9.9	11.6	80
		L5	3.5	4.0	11.6	13.2	80
		M0	4.0	4.5	13.2	14.9	80
		K2	2.2	2.6	7.3	8.6	80
		K6	2.6	3.0	8.6	9.9	80
	3000	LO	3.0	3.5	9.9	11.6	80
		L5	3.5	4.0	11.6	13.2	80
		M0	4.0	4.5	13.2	14.9	80

#### Notes:

- (1) Correlated Color Temperature is derived from the CIE 1931 Chromaticity diagram.
- (2) Seoul Semiconductor maintains a tolerance of  $\pm 7\%$  on Intensity and power measurements. The luminous intensity IV was measured at the peak of the spatial pattern which may not be aligned with the mechanical axis of the LED package.
- (3) The lumen table is only for reference

# **Performance Characteristics**

Table 2. Electro Optical Characteristics, I<sub>F</sub>= 20mA , T<sub>i</sub>=25°C, RH30%

Dovemeter	Cumbal		Value		l lmi4
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Forward Voltage (1)	$V_F$	2.6	2.8	3.0	V
Luminous Intensity (1) (2)	$I_V$	2.6	-	3.5	cd
Color Chromaticity Coordinates (1)	CIE x		0.345		
Color Chromaticity Coordinates (9	CIE y		0.355		
CRI (3)	$R_a$	80	-	-	
Viewing Angle (4)	2θ <sub>1/2</sub>	-	120	-	deg.
Thermal resistance (J to S) (5)	Rθ <sub>J-S</sub>	-	35	-	K/W

#### Notes:

- (1) Tolerance : VF :  $\pm 0.1$ V, IV :  $\pm 7$ %, x,y :  $\pm 0.005$
- (2) The luminous intensity IV was measured at the peak of the spatial pattern which may not be aligned with the mechanical axis of the LED package.
- (3) Tolerance is  $\pm 2.0$  on CRI measurements.
- (4)  $\Theta_{1/2}$  is the off-axis where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the peak intensity .
- (5) Thermal resistance = Rth JS: Junction/Solder point.

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings (T<sub>i</sub>= 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Dissipation	$P_d$	150	mW
DC Forward Current	I <sub>F</sub>	50	mA
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty , f=1kHz, T <sub>i</sub> =25 ℃)	Iғм	280	mA
Operating Temperature	$T_{opr}$	-40 ~ <b>+</b> 110	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 ~ <b>+</b> 110	°C
Junction Temperature	T <sub>j</sub> max	125	°C
Soldering Temperature	Tsld	Reflow Soldering : 260 ℃ for Hand Soldering : 315 ℃ for	
ESD (HBM) (R=1.5kΩ, C= 100pF) <sup>(1)</sup>		Class H3A (EIA/JESD22-A114)	

#### Notes:

(1) ESD protection device is included

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<sup>•</sup> LED's properties might be different from suggested values like above and below tables if operation condition will be exceeded our parameter range. Care is to be taken that power dissipation does not exceed the absolute maximum rating of the product.

<sup>·</sup> All measurements were made under the standardized environment of Seoul Semiconductor.

Fig 1. Color Spectrum, I<sub>F</sub>= 20mA, T<sub>i</sub> = 25°C

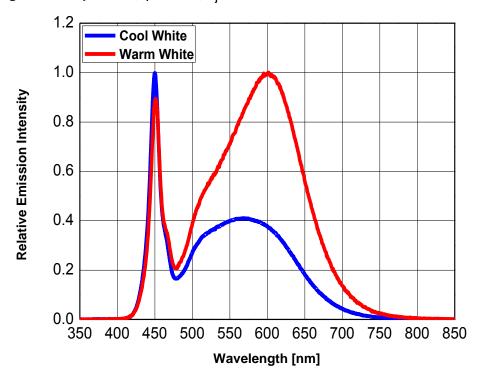


Fig 2. Viewing Angle Distribution,  $I_F = 20 \text{mA}$ 

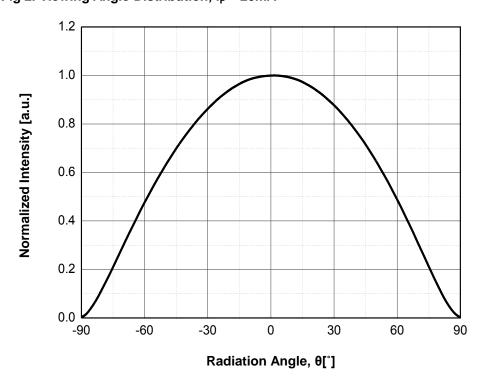


Fig 3. Forward Voltage vs. Forward Current, T<sub>i</sub> = 25°C

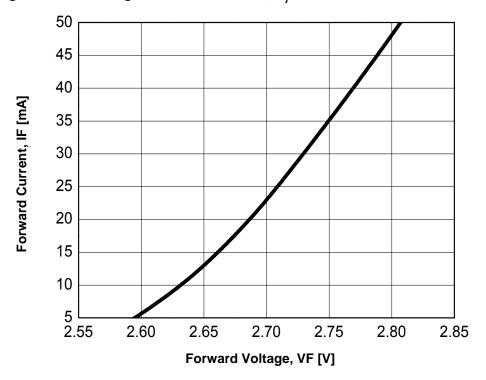


Fig 4. Forward Current vs. Relative Luminous Intensity, T<sub>i</sub> = 25°C

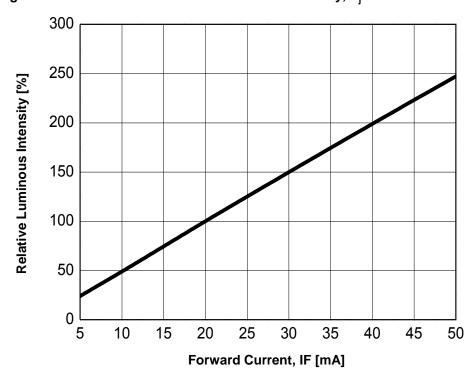


Fig 5. Forward Current vs. Color Coordinate Shift ,  $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$  (Cool White)

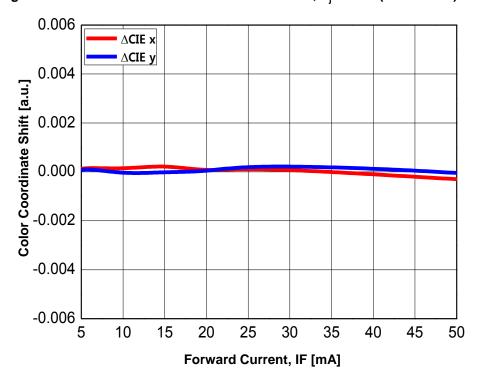


Fig 5. Forward Current vs. Color Coordinate Shift ,  $T_i = 25^{\circ}$ C (Warm White)

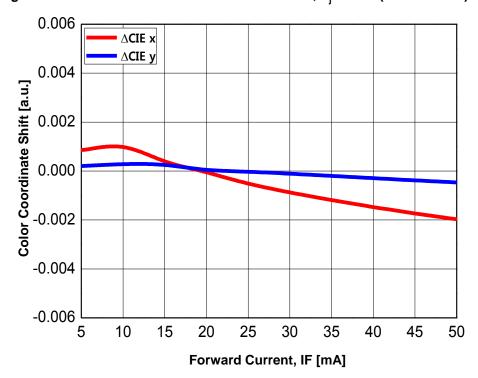


Fig 7. Junction Temperature vs. Relative Luminous Intensity,  $I_F = 20 \text{mA}$ 

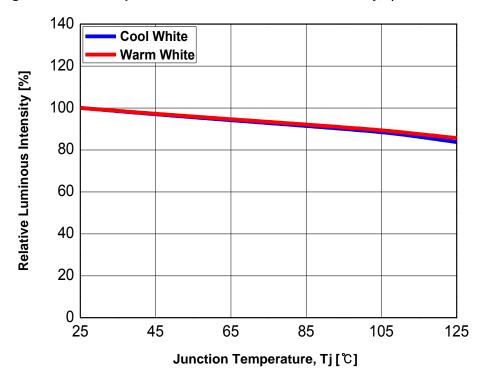


Fig 8. Junction Temperature vs. Forward Voltage shift,  $I_F = 20 \text{mA}$ 

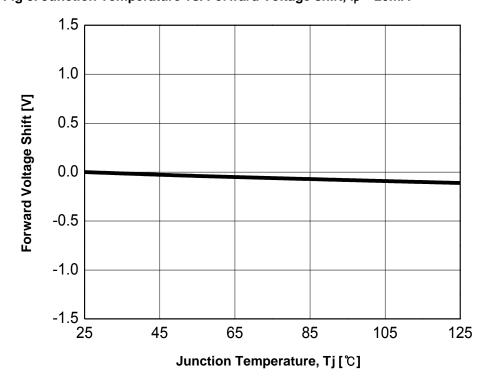


Fig 9. Junction Temperature vs. Color Coordinate Shift, I<sub>F</sub> = 20mA (Cool White)

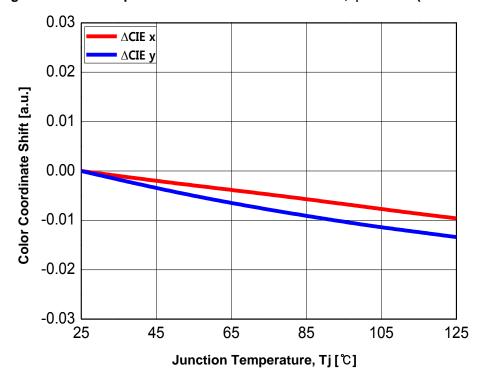


Fig 10. Junction Temperature vs. Color Coordinate Shift, I<sub>F</sub> = 20mA (Warm White)

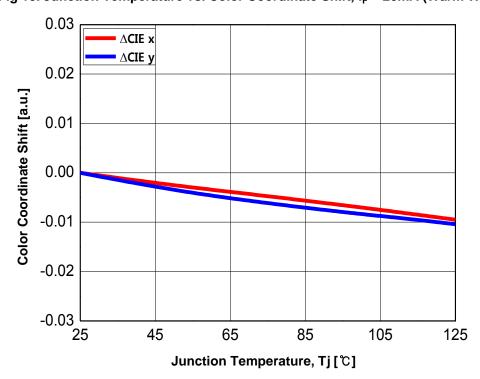
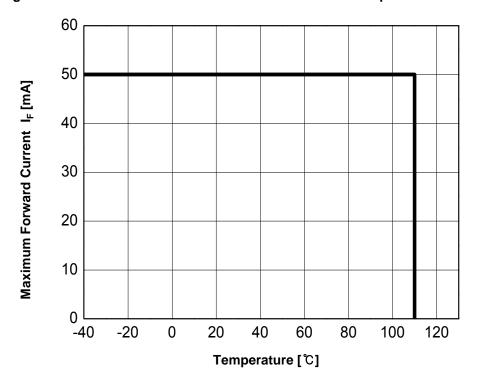


Fig 11. Maximum Allowable Forward Current vs Solder Temperature



# **Color Bin Structure**

Table 4. Bin Code description,  $T_j=25\%$ ,  $I_F=20mA$ 

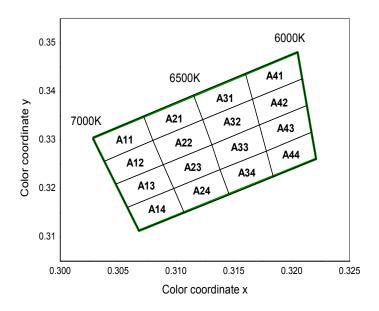
<b>.</b>	Luminous Intensity (cd)			Color	Typical	Forward Vol	tage (V)
Part Number	Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Chromaticity Coordinate	Bin Code	Min.	Max.
	K2	2.2	2.6		X0	2.6	2.8
	K6	2.6	3.0		Y0	2.8	3.0
STW8E12YE-S20	L0	3.0	3.5	Refer to Next Page			
	L5	3.5	4.0	. C			
	MO	4.0	4.5				

#### Notes:

- [1] All measurements were made under the standardized environment of Seoul Semiconductor.
- [2] In order to ensure availability, single color rank will not be orderable.

# **Color Bin Structure**

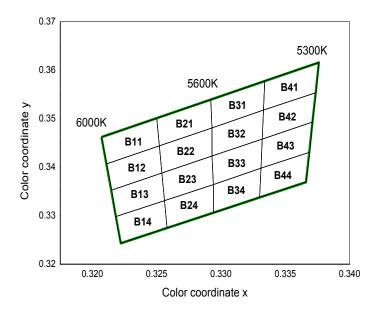
# CIE Chromaticity Diagram (Cool white A), Tj=25°C, IF=20mA



А	11	A:	21	A3	31	A	<b>41</b>
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3028	0.3304	0.3072	0.3349	0.3115	0.3393	0.3160	0.3437
0.3038	0.3256	0.3080	0.3299	0.3123	0.3342	0.3166	0.3384
0.3080	0.3299	0.3123	0.3342	0.3166	0.3384	0.3209	0.3426
0.3072	0.3349	0.3115	0.3393	0.3160	0.3437	0.3205	0.3481
A	12	A:	22	<b>A</b> 3	32	A	<b>1</b> 2
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3038	0.3256	0.3080	0.3299	0.3123	0.3342	0.3166	0.3384
0.3048	0.3209	0.3089	0.3249	0.3131	0.3290	0.3172	0.3331
0.3089	0.3249	0.3131	0.3290	0.3172	0.3331	0.3213	0.3371
0.3080	0.3299	0.3123	0.3342	0.3166	0.3384	0.3209	0.3426
А	13	A:	23	A3	33	A	43
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3048	0.3209	0.0000	0.3249	0.3131	0.3290	0.3172	0.3331
	0.3209	0.3089	0.5245	0.3131	0.0200	0.0172	
0.3058	0.3161	0.3089	0.3200	0.3131	0.3239	0.3178	0.3277
0.3058 0.3098							
	0.3161	0.3098	0.3200	0.3138	0.3239	0.3178	0.3277
0.3098 0.3089	0.3161 0.3200	0.3098 0.3138	0.3200 0.3239 0.3290	0.3138 0.3178	0.3239 0.3277 0.3331	0.3178 0.3217	0.3277 0.3316 0.3371
0.3098 0.3089	0.3161 0.3200 0.3249	0.3098 0.3138 0.3131	0.3200 0.3239 0.3290	0.3138 0.3178 0.3172	0.3239 0.3277 0.3331	0.3178 0.3217 0.3213	0.3277 0.3316 0.3371
0.3098 0.3089	0.3161 0.3200 0.3249	0.3098 0.3138 0.3131	0.3200 0.3239 0.3290	0.3138 0.3178 0.3172	0.3239 0.3277 0.3331	0.3178 0.3217 0.3213	0.3277 0.3316 0.3371
0.3098 0.3089 A CIE X	0.3161 0.3200 0.3249 14 CIE Y	0.3098 0.3138 0.3131 A: CIE X	0.3200 0.3239 0.3290 24 CIE Y	0.3138 0.3178 0.3172 A3 CIE X	0.3239 0.3277 0.3331 34 CIE Y	0.3178 0.3217 0.3213 AACCIE X	0.3277 0.3316 0.3371 44 CIE Y
0.3098 0.3089 A CIE X 0.3058	0.3161 0.3200 0.3249 14 CIE Y 0.3161	0.3098 0.3138 0.3131 A: CIE X 0.3098	0.3200 0.3239 0.3290 24 CIE Y 0.3200	0.3138 0.3178 0.3172 A3 CIE X 0.3138	0.3239 0.3277 0.3331 34 CIE Y 0.3239	0.3178 0.3217 0.3213 AZ CIE X 0.3178	0.3277 0.3316 0.3371 44 CIE Y 0.3277

# **Color Bin Structure**

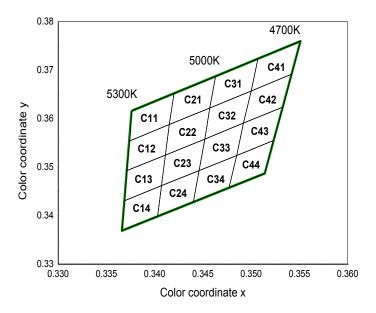
# CIE Chromaticity Diagram (Cool white B), Tj=25℃, IF=20mA



В	11	В	21	В3	31	B	41
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3207	0.3462	0.3250	0.3501	0.3292	0.3539	0.3334	0.3578
0.3211	0.3407	0.3252	0.3444	0.3293	0.3481	0.3333	0.3518
0.3252	0.3444	0.3293	0.3481	0.3333	0.3518	0.3374	0.3554
0.3250	0.3501	0.3292	0.3539	0.3334	0.3578	0.3376	0.3616
В	12	В	22	В3	32	B	42
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3211	0.3407	0.3252	0.3444	0.3293	0.3481	0.3333	0.3518
0.3215	0.3353	0.3254	0.3388	0.3293	0.3423	0.3332	0.3458
0.3254	0.3388	0.3293	0.3423	0.3332	0.3458	0.3371	0.3493
0.3252	0.3444	0.3293	0.3481	0.3333	0.3518	0.3374	0.3554
В	13	В	23	В3	33	B	43
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3215	0.3353	0.3254	0.3388	0.3293	0.3423	0.3332	0.3458
0.3218	0.3298	0.3256	0.3331	0.3294	0.3364	0.3331	0.3398
0.3256	0.3331	0.3294	0.3364	0.3331	0.3398	0.3369	0.3431
				0.000.	0.0000		
0.3254	0.3388	0.3293	0.3423	0.3332	0.3458	0.3371	0.3493
	0.3388 14	0.3293			0.3458		
		0.3293	0.3423	0.3332	0.3458	0.3371	
В	14	0.3293 B	0.3423 24	0.3332 B3	0.3458	0.3371 B4	14
CIE X	14 CIE Y	0.3293 B CIE X	0.3423 24 CIE Y	0.3332 B3 CIE X	0.3458 34 CIE Y	0.3371 B4 CIE X	CIE Y
CIE X 0.3218	CIE Y 0.3298	0.3293 B CIE X 0.3256	0.3423 24 CIE Y 0.3331	0.3332 BS CIE X 0.3294	0.3458 4 CIE Y 0.3364	0.3371 B4 CIE X 0.3331	CIE Y 0.3398

# **Color Bin Structure**

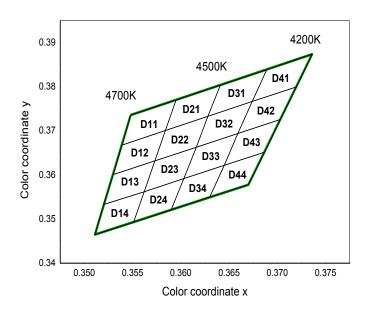
# CIE Chromaticity Diagram (Cool white C), Tj=25℃, IF=20mA



С	11	C	21	C	31	C4	41
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3376	0.3616	0.3420	0.3652	0.3463	0.3687	0.3507	0.3724
0.3374	0.3554	0.3415	0.3588	0.3457	0.3622	0.3500	0.3657
0.3415	0.3588	0.3457	0.3622	0.3500	0.3657	0.3542	0.3692
0.3420	0.3652	0.3463	0.3687	0.3507	0.3724	0.3551	0.3760
C	12	C	22	C	32	C4	42
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3374	0.3554	0.3415	0.3588	0.3457	0.3622	0.3500	0.3657
0.3371	0.3493	0.3411	0.3525	0.3452	0.3558	0.3492	0.3591
0.3411	0.3525	0.3452	0.3558	0.3492	0.3591	0.3533	0.3624
0.3415	0.3588	0.3457	0.3622	0.3500	0.3657	0.3542	0.3692
C	40			0.0		C.	40
L.	13	C	23	CS	33	L4	43
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
						· .	
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
CIE X 0.3371	CIE Y 0.3493	CIE X 0.3411	CIE Y 0.3525	CIE X 0.3452	CIE Y 0.3558	CIE X 0.3492	CIE Y 0.3591
CIE X 0.3371 0.3369	CIE Y 0.3493 0.3431	CIE X 0.3411 0.3407	CIE Y 0.3525 0.3462	CIE X 0.3452 0.3446	CIE Y 0.3558 0.3493	CIE X 0.3492 0.3485	CIE Y 0.3591 0.3524
CIE X 0.3371 0.3369 0.3407 0.3411	CIE Y 0.3493 0.3431 0.3462	CIE X 0.3411 0.3407 0.3446 0.3452	CIE Y 0.3525 0.3462 0.3493	CIE X 0.3452 0.3446 0.3485	CIE Y 0.3558 0.3493 0.3524 0.3591	CIE X 0.3492 0.3485 0.3523	CIE Y 0.3591 0.3524 0.3555 0.3624
CIE X 0.3371 0.3369 0.3407 0.3411	CIE Y 0.3493 0.3431 0.3462 0.3525	CIE X 0.3411 0.3407 0.3446 0.3452	CIE Y 0.3525 0.3462 0.3493 0.3558	CIE X 0.3452 0.3446 0.3485 0.3492	CIE Y 0.3558 0.3493 0.3524 0.3591	CIE X 0.3492 0.3485 0.3523 0.3533	CIE Y 0.3591 0.3524 0.3555 0.3624
CIE X 0.3371 0.3369 0.3407 0.3411	CIE Y 0.3493 0.3431 0.3462 0.3525	CIE X 0.3411 0.3407 0.3446 0.3452	CIE Y 0.3525 0.3462 0.3493 0.3558	CIE X 0.3452 0.3446 0.3485 0.3492	CIE Y 0.3558 0.3493 0.3524 0.3591	CIE X 0.3492 0.3485 0.3523 0.3533	CIE Y 0.3591 0.3524 0.3555 0.3624
CIE X  0.3371  0.3369  0.3407  0.3411  CIE X	CIE Y 0.3493 0.3431 0.3462 0.3525 14 CIE Y	CIE X 0.3411 0.3407 0.3446 0.3452 CIE X	CIE Y 0.3525 0.3462 0.3493 0.3558 24 CIE Y	CIE X 0.3452 0.3446 0.3485 0.3492 CIE X	CIE Y 0.3558 0.3493 0.3524 0.3591 34 CIE Y	CIE X 0.3492 0.3485 0.3523 0.3533 CA	CIE Y 0.3591 0.3524 0.3555 0.3624 44 CIE Y
CIE X 0.3371 0.3369 0.3407 0.3411 C: CIE X 0.3369	CIE Y 0.3493 0.3431 0.3462 0.3525 14 CIE Y 0.3431	CIE X 0.3411 0.3407 0.3446 0.3452 CIE X 0.3407	CIE Y 0.3525 0.3462 0.3493 0.3558 24 CIE Y 0.3462	CIE X 0.3452 0.3446 0.3485 0.3492 CIE X 0.3446	CIE Y 0.3558 0.3493 0.3524 0.3591 34 CIE Y 0.3493	CIE X 0.3492 0.3485 0.3523 0.3533 CA CIE X 0.3485	CIE Y 0.3591 0.3524 0.3555 0.3624 44 CIE Y 0.3524

# **Color Bin Structure**

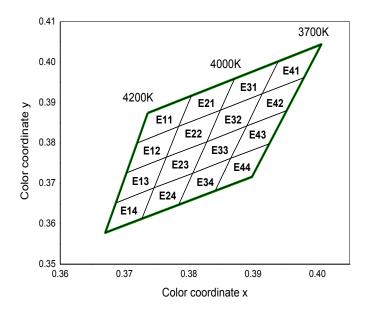
# CIE Chromaticity Diagram (Neutral white D), Tj=25℃, IF=20mA



D.	11	D	21	D3	31	D <sub>4</sub>	41
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3548	0.3736	0.3595	0.3770	0.3641	0.3804	0.3689	0.3839
0.3539	0.3668	0.3584	0.3701	0.3628	0.3733	0.3674	0.3767
0.3584	0.3701	0.3628	0.3733	0.3674	0.3767	0.3720	0.3800
0.3595	0.3770	0.3641	0.3804	0.3689	0.3839	0.3736	0.3874
D.	12	D	22	D3	32	D	42
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3539	0.3668	0.3584	0.3701	0.3628	0.3733	0.3674	0.3767
0.3530	0.3601	0.3573	0.3632	0.3616	0.3663	0.3659	0.3694
0.3573	0.3632	0.3616	0.3663	0.3659	0.3694	0.3703	0.3726
0.3584	0.3701	0.3628	0.3733	0.3674	0.3767	0.3720	0.3800
D.	13	D	23	D3	33	D	43
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3530	0.3601	0.3573	0.3632	0.3616	0.3663	0.3659	0.3694
0.3520	0.3533	0.3562	0.3562	0.3603	0.3592	0.3645	0.3622
0.3562	0.3562	0.3603	0.3592	0.3645	0.3622	0.3687	0.3652
0.3573	0.3632	0.3616	0.3663	0.3659	0.3694	0.3703	0.3726
D.	14	D:	24	D3	34	D	14
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3520	0.3533	0.3562	0.3562	0.3603	0.3592	0.3645	0.3622
0.3511	0.3465	0.3551	0.3493	0.3590	0.3521	0.3630	0.3550
					0.0550	0.0070	0.2570
0.3551	0.3493	0.3590	0.3521	0.3630	0.3550	0.3670	0.3578

# **Color Bin Structure**

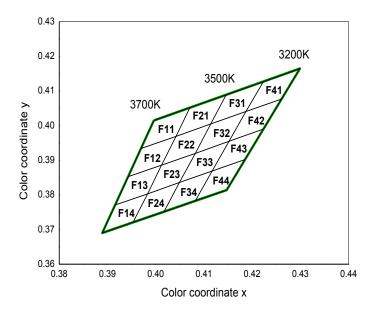
# CIE Chromaticity Diagram (Neutral white E), Tj=25℃, IF=20mA



E <sup>r</sup>	11	E	21	E3	31	E/	41
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3736	0.3874	0.3804	0.3917	0.3871	0.3959	0.3939	0.4002
0.3720	0.3800	0.3784	0.3841	0.3849	0.3881	0.3914	0.3922
0.3784	0.3841	0.3849	0.3881	0.3914	0.3922	0.3979	0.3962
0.3804	0.3917	0.3871	0.3959	0.3939	0.4002	0.4006	0.4044
E <sup>2</sup>	12	E:	22	E3	32	E.	42
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3720	0.3800	0.3784	0.3841	0.3849	0.3881	0.3914	0.3922
0.3703	0.3726	0.3765	0.3765	0.3828	0.3803	0.3890	0.3842
0.3765	0.3765	0.3828	0.3803	0.3890	0.3842	0.3952	0.3880
0.3784	0.3841	0.3849	0.3881	0.3914	0.3922	0.3979	0.3962
E	13	E:	23	E3	33	E.	43
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3703	0.3726	0.3765	0.3765	0.3828	0.3803	0.3890	0.3842
0.3687	0.3652	0.3746	0.3689	0.3806	0.3725	0.3865	0.3762
0.3746	0.3689	0.3806	0.3725	0.3865	0.3762	0.3925	0.3798
0.3765	0.3765	0.3828	0.3803	0.3890	0.3842	0.3952	0.3880
E <sup>r</sup>	14	E:	24	E3	34	E/	44
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3687	0.3652	0.3746	0.3689	0.3806	0.3725	0.3865	0.3762
0.3670	0.3578	0.3727	0.3613	0.3784	0.3647	0.3841	0.3682
0.3727	0.3613	0.3784	0.3647	0.3841	0.3682	0.3898	0.3716
0.3746	0.3689	0.3806	0.3725	0.3865	0.3762	0.3925	0.3798

# **Color Bin Structure**

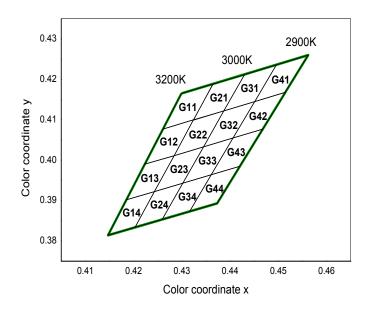
# CIE Chromaticity Diagram (Warm white F), Tj=25℃, IF=20mA



F <sup>2</sup>	11	F:	21	F3	31	F4	<b>41</b>
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3996	0.4015	0.4071	0.4052	0.4146	0.4089	0.4223	0.4127
0.3969	0.3934	0.4042	0.3969	0.4114	0.4005	0.4187	0.4041
0.4042	0.3969	0.4114	0.4005	0.4187	0.4041	0.4261	0.4077
0.4071	0.4052	0.4146	0.4089	0.4223	0.4127	0.4299	0.4165
F <sup>2</sup>	12	F:	22	F3	32	F4	<b>42</b>
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3969	0.3934	0.4042	0.3969	0.4114	0.4005	0.4187	0.4041
0.3943	0.3853	0.4012	0.3886	0.4082	0.3920	0.4152	0.3955
0.4012	0.3886	0.4082	0.3920	0.4152	0.3955	0.4223	0.3990
0.4042	0.3969	0.4114	0.4005	0.4187	0.4041	0.4261	0.4077
F <sup>2</sup>	13	E:	23	F3	33	F4	43
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
CIE X 0.3943	CIE Y 0.3853	CIE X 0.4012	CIE Y 0.3886	CIE X 0.4082	CIE Y 0.3920	CIE X 0.4152	CIE Y 0.3955
							-
0.3943	0.3853	0.4012	0.3886	0.4082	0.3920	0.4152	0.3955
0.3943 0.3916	0.3853 0.3771	0.4012 0.3983	0.3886 0.3803	0.4082	0.3920 0.3836	0.4152 0.4117	0.3955 0.3869
0.3943 0.3916 0.3983 0.4012	0.3853 0.3771 0.3803	0.4012 0.3983 0.4049 0.4082	0.3886 0.3803 0.3836	0.4082 0.4049 0.4117	0.3920 0.3836 0.3869 0.3955	0.4152 0.4117 0.4185	0.3955 0.3869 0.3902 0.3990
0.3943 0.3916 0.3983 0.4012	0.3853 0.3771 0.3803 0.3886	0.4012 0.3983 0.4049 0.4082	0.3886 0.3803 0.3836 0.3920	0.4082 0.4049 0.4117 0.4152	0.3920 0.3836 0.3869 0.3955	0.4152 0.4117 0.4185 0.4223	0.3955 0.3869 0.3902 0.3990
0.3943 0.3916 0.3983 0.4012	0.3853 0.3771 0.3803 0.3886	0.4012 0.3983 0.4049 0.4082	0.3886 0.3803 0.3836 0.3920	0.4082 0.4049 0.4117 0.4152	0.3920 0.3836 0.3869 0.3955	0.4152 0.4117 0.4185 0.4223	0.3955 0.3869 0.3902 0.3990
0.3943 0.3916 0.3983 0.4012 F	0.3853 0.3771 0.3803 0.3886 14 CIE Y	0.4012 0.3983 0.4049 0.4082 CIE X	0.3886 0.3803 0.3836 0.3920 24	0.4082 0.4049 0.4117 0.4152 F3	0.3920 0.3836 0.3869 0.3955	0.4152 0.4117 0.4185 0.4223 FACIE X	0.3955 0.3869 0.3902 0.3990 44 CIE Y
0.3943 0.3916 0.3983 0.4012 F'  CIE X 0.3916	0.3853 0.3771 0.3803 0.3886 14 CIE Y 0.3771	0.4012 0.3983 0.4049 0.4082 CIE X 0.3983	0.3886 0.3803 0.3836 0.3920 24 CIE Y 0.3803	0.4082 0.4049 0.4117 0.4152 F3 CIE X 0.4049	0.3920 0.3836 0.3869 0.3955 34 CIE Y 0.3836	0.4152 0.4117 0.4185 0.4223 F4 CIE X 0.4117	0.3955 0.3869 0.3902 0.3990 44 CIE Y 0.3869

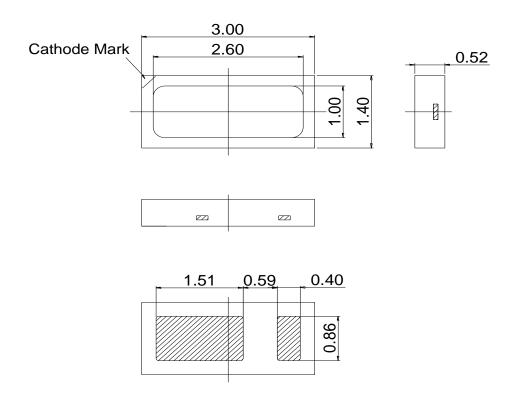
# **Color Bin Structure**

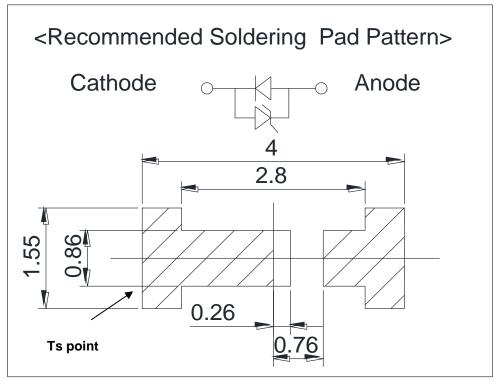
# CIE Chromaticity Diagram (Warm white G), Tj=25℃, IF=20mA



G	11	G	21	G	31	G <sub>4</sub>	41
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.4299	0.4165	0.4364	0.4188	0.4430	0.4212	0.4496	0.4236
0.4261	0.4077	0.4324	0.4099	0.4387	0.4122	0.4451	0.4145
0.4324	0.4100	0.4387	0.4122	0.4451	0.4145	0.4514	0.4168
0.4365	0.4189	0.4430	0.4212	0.4496	0.4236	0.4562	0.4260
G	12	G	22	G	32	G <sub>4</sub>	42
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.4261	0.4077	0.4324	0.4100	0.4387	0.4122	0.4451	0.4145
0.4223	0.3990	0.4284	0.4011	0.4345	0.4033	0.4406	0.4055
0.4284	0.4011	0.4345	0.4033	0.4406	0.4055	0.4468	0.4077
0.4324	0.4100	0.4387	0.4122	0.4451	0.4145	0.4515	0.4168
_					-		
G <sup>·</sup>	13	G	23	G	33	G.	43
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
· .						·	
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
CIE X 0.4223	CIE Y 0.3990	CIE X 0.4284	CIE Y 0.4011	CIE X 0.4345	CIE Y 0.4033	CIE X 0.4406	CIE Y 0.4055
CIE X 0.4223 0.4185	CIE Y 0.3990 0.3902	CIE X 0.4284 0.4243	CIE Y 0.4011 0.3922	CIE X 0.4345 0.4302	CIE Y 0.4033 0.3943	CIE X 0.4406 0.4361	CIE Y 0.4055 0.3964
CIE X 0.4223 0.4185 0.4243 0.4284	CIE Y 0.3990 0.3902 0.3922	CIE X 0.4284 0.4243 0.4302 0.4345	CIE Y 0.4011 0.3922 0.3943	CIE X 0.4345 0.4302 0.4361	CIE Y 0.4033 0.3943 0.3964 0.4055	CIE X 0.4406 0.4361 0.4420	CIE Y 0.4055 0.3964 0.3985 0.4077
CIE X 0.4223 0.4185 0.4243 0.4284	CIE Y 0.3990 0.3902 0.3922 0.4011	CIE X 0.4284 0.4243 0.4302 0.4345	CIE Y 0.4011 0.3922 0.3943 0.4033	CIE X 0.4345 0.4302 0.4361 0.4406	CIE Y 0.4033 0.3943 0.3964 0.4055	CIE X 0.4406 0.4361 0.4420 0.4468	CIE Y 0.4055 0.3964 0.3985 0.4077
CIE X  0.4223  0.4185  0.4243  0.4284	CIE Y 0.3990 0.3902 0.3922 0.4011	CIE X 0.4284 0.4243 0.4302 0.4345	CIE Y 0.4011 0.3922 0.3943 0.4033	CIE X 0.4345 0.4302 0.4361 0.4406	CIE Y 0.4033 0.3943 0.3964 0.4055	CIE X 0.4406 0.4361 0.4420 0.4468	CIE Y 0.4055 0.3964 0.3985 0.4077
CIE X  0.4223  0.4185  0.4243  0.4284  G: CIE X	CIE Y 0.3990 0.3902 0.3922 0.4011 14 CIE Y	CIE X 0.4284 0.4243 0.4302 0.4345 G CIE X	CIE Y 0.4011 0.3922 0.3943 0.4033 24 CIE Y	CIE X 0.4345 0.4302 0.4361 0.4406	CIE Y 0.4033 0.3943 0.3964 0.4055 34 CIE Y	CIE X 0.4406 0.4361 0.4420 0.4468 GG	CIE Y 0.4055 0.3964 0.3985 0.4077 44 CIE Y
CIE X  0.4223  0.4185  0.4243  0.4284  G:  CIE X  0.4243	CIE Y 0.3990 0.3902 0.3922 0.4011 14 CIE Y 0.3922	CIE X 0.4284 0.4243 0.4302 0.4345  G CIE X 0.4302	CIE Y 0.4011 0.3922 0.3943 0.4033 24 CIE Y 0.3943	CIE X 0.4345 0.4302 0.4361 0.4406 GG CIE X 0.4302	CIE Y 0.4033 0.3943 0.3964 0.4055 34 CIE Y 0.3943	CIE X 0.4406 0.4361 0.4420 0.4468 GA CIE X 0.4361	CIE Y 0.4055 0.3964 0.3985 0.4077 44 CIE Y 0.3964

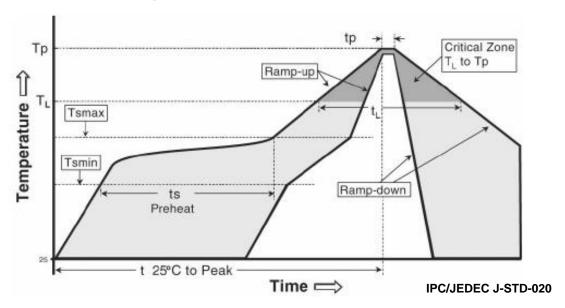
# **Mechanical Dimensions**





<sup>\*</sup>Tolerance:  $\pm 0.1$ , Unit: mm

# **Reflow Soldering Characteristics**

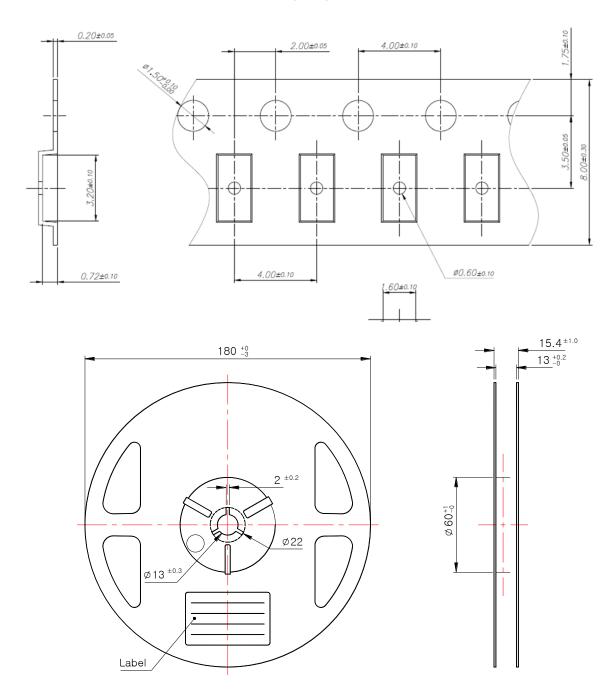


Profile Feature	Sn-Pb Eutectic Assembly	Pb-Free Assembly
Average ramp-up rate (Tsmax to Tp)	3° C/second max.	3° C/second max.
Preheat - Temperature Min (Tsmin) - Temperature Max (Tsmax) - Time (Tsmin to Tsmax) (ts)	100 °C 150 °C 60-120 seconds	150 °C 200 °C 60-180 seconds
Time maintained above: - Temperature (TL) - Time (tL)	183 °C 60-150 seconds	217 °C 60-150 seconds
Peak Temperature (Tp)	215℃	260℃
Time within 5°C of actual Peak Temperature (tp)2	10-30 seconds	20-40 seconds
Ramp-down Rate	6 °C/second max.	6 °C/second max.
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature	6 minutes max.	8 minutes max.

#### Caution

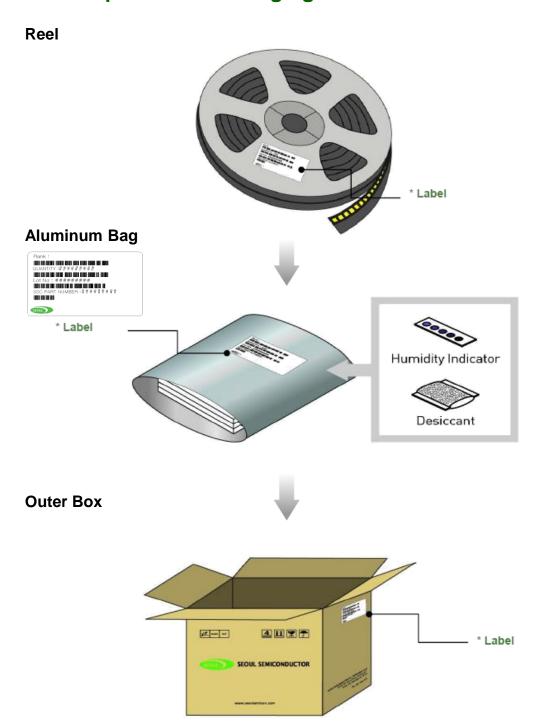
- (1) Reflow soldering is recommended not to be done more than two times. In the case of more than 24 hours passed soldering after first, LEDs will be damaged.
- (2) Repairs should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repair is unavoidable, suitable tools must be used.
- (3) Die slug is to be soldered.
- (4) When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- (5) After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.

# **Emitter Tape & Reel Packaging**



- (1) Quantity: 3500pcs/Reel
- (2) Cumulative Tolerance : Cumulative Tolerance/10 pitches to be  $\pm 0.2 \text{mm}$
- (3) Adhesion Strength of Cover Tape: Adhesion strength to be 0.1-0.7N when the cover tape is turned off from the carrier tape at the angle of 10° to the carrier tape
- (4) Package : P/N, Manufacturing data Code No. and quantity to be indicated on a damp proof Package

# **Emitter Tape & Reel Packaging**



# **Product Nomenclature**

Table 5. Part Numbering System :  $X_1X_2X_3X_4X_5X_6X_7X_8X_9-X_{10}X_{11}X_{12}$ 

Part Number Code	Description	Part Number	Value
<b>X</b> <sub>1</sub>	Company	S	SSC
X <sub>2</sub>	Package Type	Т	Top View LED
$X_3X_4$	Color Specification	W8	White CRI 80
<b>X</b> <sub>5</sub>	Package series	E	3014 series
<b>X</b> <sub>6</sub>	Chip No	1	1 Chip
X <sub>7</sub>	Pad No	2	2 Pad
X <sub>8</sub> X <sub>9</sub>	Revision	YE	-
X <sub>10</sub> X <sub>11</sub> X <sub>12</sub>	Sorting Current	-S20	20mA

Table 6. Lot Numbering System  $: Y_1Y_2Y_3Y_4Y_5Y_6Y_7Y_8Y_9Y_{10} - Y_{11}Y_{12}Y_{13}Y_{14}Y_{15}Y_{16}Y_{17}$ 

Lot Number Code	Description	Lot Number	Value
Y <sub>1</sub> Y <sub>2</sub>	Year		
Y <sub>3</sub>	Month		
Y <sub>4</sub> Y <sub>5</sub>	Day		
Y <sub>6</sub>	Top View LED series		
Y <sub>7</sub> Y <sub>8</sub> Y <sub>9</sub> Y <sub>10</sub>	Mass order		
Y <sub>11</sub> Y <sub>12</sub> Y <sub>13</sub> Y <sub>14</sub> Y <sub>15</sub> Y <sub>16</sub> Y <sub>17</sub>	Internal Number		

# Handling of Silicone Resin for LEDs

(1) During processing, mechanical stress on the surface should be minimized as much as possible. Sharp objects of all types should not be used to pierce the sealing compound.



(2) In general, LEDs should only be handled from the side. By the way, this also applies to LEDs without a silicone sealant, since the surface can also become scratched.



- (3) When populating boards in SMT production, there are basically no restrictions regarding the form of the pick and place nozzle, except that mechanical pressure on the surface of the resin must be prevented. This is assured by choosing a pick and place nozzle which is larger than the LED's reflector area.
- (4) Silicone differs from materials conventionally used for the manufacturing of LEDs. These conditions must be considered during the handling of such devices. Compared to standard encapsulants, silicone is generally softer, and the surface is more likely to attract dust.

As mentioned previously, the increased sensitivity to dust requires special care during processing. In cases where a minimal level of dirt and dust particles cannot be guaranteed, a suitable cleaning solution must be applied to the surface after the soldering of components.

- (5) Seoul Semiconductor suggests using isopropyl alcohol for cleaning. In case other solvents are used, it must be assured that these solvents do not dissolve the package or resin.

  Ultrasonic cleaning is not recommended. Ultrasonic cleaning may cause damage to the LED.
- (6) Please do not mold this product into another resin (epoxy, urethane, etc) and do not handle this. product with acid or sulfur material in sealed space.

# **Precaution for Use**

(1) Storage

To avoid the moisture penetration, we recommend store in a dry box with a desiccant. The recommended storage temperature range is  $5^{\circ}$ C to  $30^{\circ}$ C and a maximum humidity of RH50%.

(2) Use Precaution after Opening the Packaging

Use SMT techniques properly when you solder the LED as separation of the lens may affect the light output efficiency.

Pay attention to the following:

- a. Recommend conditions after opening the package
  - Sealing
  - Temperature : 5 ~ 30 °C Humidity : less than RH60%
- b. If the package has been opened more than 4 week(MSL\_2a) or the color of the desiccant changes, components should be dried for 10-24hr at  $65\pm5$  °C
- (3) Do not apply mechanical force or excess vibration during the cooling process to normal temperature after soldering.
- (4) Do not rapidly cool device after soldering.
- (5) Components should not be mounted on warped (non coplanar) portion of PCB.
- (6) Radioactive exposure is not considered for the products listed here in.
- (7) Gallium arsenide is used in some of the products listed in this publication.
  These products are dangerous if they are burned or shredded in the process of disposal.
  It is also dangerous to drink the liquid or inhale the gas generated by such products when chemically disposed of.
- (8) This device should not be used in any type of fluid such as water, oil, organic solvent and etc. When washing is required, IPA (Isopropyl Alcohol) should be used.
- (9) When the LEDs are in operation the maximum current should be decided after measuring the package temperature.
- (10) LEDs must be stored in a clean environment. We recommend LEDs store in nitrogen-filled container.

## **Precaution for Use**

- (11) The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.
- (12) Long time exposure of sunlight or occasional UV exposure will cause lens discoloration.
- (13) VOCs (Volatile organic compounds) emitted from materials used in the construction of fixtures can penetrate silicone encapsulants of LEDs and discolor when exposed to heat and photonic energy. The result can be a significant loss of light output from the fixture. Knowledge of the properties of the materials selected to be used in the construction of fixtures can help prevent these issues.
- (14) Attaching LEDs, do not use adhesives that outgas organic vapor.
- (15) The driving circuit must be designed to allow forward voltage only when it is ON or OFF.
  If the reverse voltage is applied to LED, migration can be generated resulting in LED damage.
- (16) Similar to most Solid state devices;
  LEDs are sensitive to Electro-Static Discharge (ESD) and Electrical Over Stress (EOS).
  Below is a list of suggestions that Seoul Semiconductor purposes to minimize these effects.
- a. ESD (Electro Static Discharge)

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) is the defined as the release of static electricity when two objects come into contact. While most ESD events are considered harmless, it can be an expensive problem in many industrial environments during production and storage. The damage from ESD to an LEDs may cause the product to demonstrate unusual characteristics such as:

- Increase in reverse leakage current lowered turn-on voltage
- Abnormal emissions from the LED at low current

The following recommendations are suggested to help minimize the potential for an ESD event. One or more recommended work area suggestions:

- Ionizing fan setup
- ESD table/shelf mat made of conductive materials
- ESD safe storage containers

One or more personnel suggestion options:

- Antistatic wrist-strap
- Antistatic material shoes
- Antistatic clothes

#### Environmental controls:

- Humidity control (ESD gets worse in a dry environment)



# **Precaution for Use**

#### b. EOS (Electrical Over Stress)

Electrical Over-Stress (EOS) is defined as damage that may occur when an electronic device is subjected to a current or voltage that is beyond the maximum specification limits of the device. The effects from an EOS event can be noticed through product performance like:

- Changes to the performance of the LED package
  (If the damage is around the bond pad area and since the package is completely encapsulated the package may turn on but flicker show severe performance degradation.)
- Changes to the light output of the luminaire from component failure
- Components on the board not operating at determined drive power

Failure of performance from entire fixture due to changes in circuit voltage and current across total circuit causing trickle down failures. It is impossible to predict the failure mode of every LED exposed to electrical overstress as the failure modes have been investigated to vary, but there are some common signs that will indicate an EOS event has occurred:

- Damaged may be noticed to the bond wires (appearing similar to a blown fuse)
- Damage to the bond pads located on the emission surface of the LED package (shadowing can be noticed around the bond pads while viewing through a microscope)
- Anomalies noticed in the encapsulation and phosphor around the bond wires
- This damage usually appears due to the thermal stress produced during the EOS event
- c. To help minimize the damage from an EOS event Seoul Semiconductor recommends utilizing:
  - A surge protection circuit
  - An appropriately rated over voltage protection device
  - A current limiting device



# **Company Information**

#### Published by

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#### **Company Information**

Seoul Semiconductor (www.SeoulSemicon.com) manufacturers and packages a wide selection of light emitting diodes (LEDs) for the automotive, general illumination/lighting, Home appliance, signage and back lighting markets. The company is the world's fifth largest LED supplier, holding more than 10,000 patents globally, while offering a wide range of LED technology and production capacity in areas such as "nPola", "Acrich", the world's first commercially produced AC LED, and "Acrich MJT - Multi-Junction Technology" a proprietary family of high-voltage LEDs.

The company's broad product portfolio includes a wide array of package and device choices such as Acrich and Acirch2, high-brightness LEDs, mid-power LEDs, side-view LEDs, and through-hole type LEDs as well as custom modules, displays, and sensors.

#### **Legal Disclaimer**

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